

MINFILE Detail Report BC Geological Survey Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources

		Location/Iden	tification				
MINFILE Number:	092K 111						
Name(s):	ANACONDA	ANACONDA					
	TED, WFP. NAT. OU	AD					
	-,,, 2 0			N7			
Status:	Prospect		Mining Division:	Nanaimo			
	D'HALLIN	T 1 1	Electoral District:	North Island			
Regions:	British Columbia, Van	couver Island	Resource District:	Campbell River Forest District			
BCGS Map:	092K014		UTM Zonot	10 (014 D 92)			
NIS Map: Latituda:	092K03E, 092K03W		UTM Zone:	10 (NAD 83)			
Lautude:	125 15 04 W		Northing:	3361687			
Elevation:	50 metres		Easting:	339299			
Location Accuracy	Within 500M						
Comments:	The Anaconda occurrence reportedly adjoins the "Guilher" claim (read Geiler, Crown Grant L.1369, Annual Report 1911.						
	page 194) and is located on the shore of a small lake (Annual Report 1913, page 284). The Geiler appears on up-to-date						
	claim maps about 600	metres west of Stramberg Lake. Geo	logical Survey of Canada	Summary Report 1913, page 74			
	reports the Anaconda	as being part of the Condor group whi	ile Minister of Mines Annu	ual Report 1913, page 284, includes			
	it with the Bird group	of mineral claims. The showings are	probably on the lower half	f of Stramberg Lake's western margin,			
	or possibly along the south- west corner. The Ted crown grants (Lots 1463 and 1502) now cover the land adjacent and						
	south to southwest of	Stramberg Lake and may in- clude the	e Anaconda showing. Sev	eral companies held claims from the			
	early 1970's to presen	t, possibly covering the occurrence, bu	it re- porting no work in th	e occurrence area.			
		Mineral Occi	urrence				
Commodities:	Gold, Silver, Copper						
Minerals	Significant:	prificant: Pyrrhotite, Pyrite, Chalcopyrite					
	Associated:	Quartz					
	Alteration:	Garnet, Epidote					
	Alteration Type:	Skarn					
	Mineralization Age:	Unknown					
	Characteri	Disseminated Vain					
Deposit	Charifications	Skarn Hydrothermal Enigenetic					
	Classification:	K01. Cu skarn					
	Type.	Hore Do	ak				
		ΠΟSI ΚΟ	СК				
Dominant Host Ro	ock: Sedimentary						
Stratigraphic Age	e Group	Formation	Ign	eous/Metamorphic/Other			
Upper Triassic	Vancouver	Quatsino					
Upper Triassic	Vancouver	Karmutsen					
Mesozoic-Cenozo	ic		Coa	ast Plutonic Complex			
Isotopic Age		Dating Method Material Dated					
Lithology: L	imestone, Andesite, Intrusive	Rock					
Comments N	lineralization occurs at contac	et of limestone and andesite. Intru- six	ve rocks occur 180 metres	west.			
Commento, II.		Cooloriant	Satting				

Tectonic Belt:	Insular	Physiographic Area:	Georgia Depression					
Terrane:	Wrangell							
Inventory								
Ore Zone: Category:	SAMPLE Assay/analysis		Year: Report On: NI 43-101:	1913 N N				
Sample Type:	Chip							
	Commodity Silver Gold	Grade 6.8600 grams per tonne 6.8600 grams per tonne						
Comments:	From a 0.6 metre chip of pyritic matter taken along limestone- andesite contact.							
Reference:	Minister of Mines Annual Repor	t 1913, pages 284-286.						

Capsule Geology

The area is underlain by two Upper Triassic Vancouver Group formations consisting of Karmutsen volcanic rocks overlain on their north-eastern margin by a northwest trending belt of Quatsino limestone, known historically as the "lime-belt". These are in fault and/or intrusive contact to the northeast with Jurassic to Tertiary intrusive rocks of the Coast Plutonic Complex.

The Anaconda occurrence is probably located along the lower half of Stramberg Lake's western shore about 180 metres southwest of the intrusive contact.

A fractured mineralized zone, 4 to 6 metres in width, occurs along the contact between limestone and finely textured, greenish andesitic rocks, the contact having a general strike of about 125 degrees. Throughout this zone, the volcanic rocks are much altered and iron-stained, and include, in places, some disseminated pyrrho- tite, pyrite, chalcopyrite, garnet, epidote and other silicates. Quartz also occurs within this zone, either irregularly distributed or in the form of narrow veinlets up to 15 to 20 centimetres in thickness, the quartz of the veinlets being characterized by long, interlacing, interlocking crystals (Geological Survey of Canada Summary Report 1913, page 74-75).

A 0.6 metre sample of pyritic matter taken along the limestone- andesite contact assayed 6.86 grams per tonne gold and 6.86 grams per tonne silver (Minister of Mines Annual Report 1913, pages 284-286).

Bibliography							
EMPR AR 1911-194	; *1913-284,286						
EMPR ASS RPT 310	0, 3167, 5680, 1053	8, 16142, 16143					
EMPR BULL 23; 40							
EMPR PF (Several R	eports on the Contac	t Group by E.P. Sheppar	d, dated 1970, 1971, 1972 and 1973	3)			
GSC MAP 120A; 138	86A						
GSC MEM 23, p. 140	6						
GSC OF 463; 480							
GSC P 70-1A, pp. 44	-49; 71-1A, pp. 31-3	3; 72-1A, pp. 21-23,41-4	4; 73-1A, pp. 42,43				
GSC SUM RPT *191	3, p. 74						
EMPR PFD 820754,	820755, 820756, 820	0757, 820758, 820759, 82	20760, 820761, 820767				
Date Coded:	1989/04/29	Coded By:	Garry J. Payie (GJP)	Field Check:	Ν		
Date Revised:	1989/04/29	Revised By:	Garry J. Payie (GJP)	Field Check:	Ν		