

## MINFILE Detail Report BC Geological Survey Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources

Location/Identification								
MINFILE Number:	082KSW025	National Mineral Inventory Number: 082K3 Ag5						
Name(s):	MCALLISTER							
	MCALLISTER GROUP, MCALLISTER MINE, RIDGEWAY (L.11898), SILVER QUEEN (L.11899), SILVER KING (L.11900), ROUSE FR. (L.11901), PROVINCE							
Status:	Past Producer		Mining Division:	Slocan				
Mining Method	Underground		<b>Electoral District:</b>	Nelson-Creston				
Regions:	British Columbia		<b>Resource District:</b>	Arrow Boundary Forest District				
BCGS Map:	082K004							
NTS Map:	082K03E		UTM Zone:	11 (NAD 83)				
Latitude:	50 03 16 N		Northing:	5544710				
Longitude:	117 13 59 W	V <b>Easting:</b> 483316		483316				
Elevation:	1768 metres							
Location Accuracy:	Within 500M		M : 172 M 272 A	、 、				
Comments: McAllister mineral occurrence (Geological Survey of Canada Memoir 173, Map 273A).								
Mineral Occurrence								
Commodifies: Silver, Gold, Lead, Zinc, Copper								
Minerals	Significant:	Significant: Pyrite, Galena, Sphalerite, Tetrahedrite, Chalcopyrite						
	Significant Comments:	Other silver minerals are reported bu	t not identified.					
	Associated: Quartz   Alteration Comments: Carbonates or sulphates of copper and manganese occur in certain parts of the orebody.							
	Mineralization Age: Unknown							
Denosit	Character: Vein, Discordant, Disseminated. Shear							
Deposit	Classification: Epigenetic, Hydrothermal							
	Type: I05: Polymetallic veins Ag-Pb-Zn+/-Au							
	Shape: Bladed Modifier: Fractured							
	Dimension: 488x3x0 metres Strike/Din: 036/35S							
	Comments: Quartz-filled fissures strike 037 degrees and dip 35 to 60 degrees. The main quartz veir							
		metres wide and has been explored o	ver 488 metres length or	the No. 3 level.				
			ĸ					
Dominant Host Ro	ock: Metasedimenta	ry						
Stratigraphic Age	Group	Formation	Ign	eous/Metamorphic/Other				
Upper Triassic	Slocan	Undefined Formation						
Unknown			Um	named/Unknown Informal				
Isotopic Age	Dating Method		Material Dated					
Lithology: Quartzite, Argillaceous Quartzite, Limestone, Argillite, Quartz Porphyry Dike, Quartz Porphyry Sill								
Geological Setting								
<b>Tectonic Belt:</b>	Omineca	Physiographic Ar	Physiographic Area: Selkirk Mountains					
Terrane:	Quesnel							
Metamorphic Type	e: Regional	Relationship:	Relationship: Pre-mineralization					

Greenschist

Inventorv

## No inventory data

Summary Production								
		Metric	Imperial					
	Mined:	21,564 tonnes	23,770	tons				
	Milled:	0 tonnes	0	tons				
Recovery	Silver	32,790,962 grams	1,054,254	ounces				
	Gold	3,099 grams	100	ounces				
	Lead	16,419 kilograms	36,198	pounds				
	Zinc	4,253 kilograms	9,376	pounds				
Capsule Geology								

The former McAllister mine is situated on the northwest slopes of London Ridge at 1768 metres elevation. The former Lucky Jim mine (082KSW023) is located 2.75 kilometres to the southeast.

The initial showing of the McAllister Group was staked in 1902. In 1903 and 1904, Hunter and Fairburn owned and operated the property. The McAllister Group Company worked the property in 1906. Then in 1907, Bennett and Clark assumed property work. From 1912 to 1917 work was abandoned. In 1917, the McAllister Mining and Milling Co. acquired the property. The property changed owners again in 1919 to the Slocan Silver Mines Ltd. The Standard Silver-Lead Mining Co. acquired a controlling interest in 1926. Mining operations were then intermittent by either the owner or leasers, until about 1947. At this time the Allan Nelson Mining Co. Ltd. acquired the property. In 1949, Noonday Mines Ltd., a subsidiary of Alpine Gold Ltd., optioned the property. The option was dropped soon afterwards and the former mine has remained inactive since 1950. Ore from the dumps was shipped in 1958 and 1980. Premier Resources Ltd. conducted surface and underground exploration of the former McAllister mine in 1975. Mine workings consisted of 6 levels over 122 vertical metres. Roughly 1829 metres of drifting and crosscutting was done in 6 adits.

The McAllister occurrence is hosted by massive to argillaceous quartzite, argillite and some limestone of the Triassic Slocan Group. This strata dips 40 degrees to the west and is intruded by numerous quartz porphyry dikes and sills which strike nearly conformable to bedding.

Mineralization is hosted in quartz-filled fissures that strike 036 degrees and dip 35 to 60 degrees southeast. The deposit consists of a quartz vein 0.90 to 2.73 metres wide where hosted in massive quartzite. The vein has been explored over 488 metres length on the No. 3 level. The vein is composed of quartz and angular fragments of hostrocks. Pyrite with some galena, sphalerite, tetrahedrite (and other unknown silver minerals), and chalcopyrite are disseminated in the quartz or form small, massive ore shoots where a crossfissure intersects the main vein at about 30 degrees. Carbonates or sulphates of copper and manganese occur in certain parts of the orebody.

The most persistent and productive part of the lode is where it crosses a 200 metre thick sequence of massive quartzites. Where the vein enters more argillaceous rocks on both sides of the quartzite sequence, the vein becomes more difficult to follow with small faulting and branching.

Production from the former McAllister mine was significant but intermittent, spanning 77 years from 1903 to 1980. Production peaked in the period 1926 to 1938. Total production figures are 21,564 tonnes mined with 32,790,962 grams silver, 3099 grams gold, 16,419 kilograms lead and 4253 kilograms zinc recovered. Most of the ore came from the No. 2 level but significant amounts of high-grade ore were mined down to the No. 4 and 5 levels. The ore is typical of dry ores found at other mines in the Slocan mining camp.

## **Bibliography**

EMPR AR 1895-679; 1896-64,72; 1903-137; 1904-182; 1905-161; 1906-249; 1907-99,214; 1908-99; 1909-115,273; 1910-99,244; 1911-134; 1912- 149; 1914-514; 1915-124; 1916-516; 1917-161; 1919-125; 1920-125; 1921-134; 1922-198; 1923-223; 1924-197; 1925-241; 1926-252; 1928- 289; 1929-285,312; 1935-G51; 1936-E49; 1937-A37,E50; 1938-A37,E42; 1939-39,91; 1940-26,77; 1942-72; 1944-40,71; 1946-161; 1947-169; 1949-189; 1950-143; 1958-A46; 1966-223; 1968-254 EMPR BC METAL MM01299 EMPR GEM 1969-330, Fig.41; 1970-454,455; 1975-E44 EMPR INDEX 3-204; 4-123 EMPR IR 1984-2, p. 102 EMPR LMP Fiche No. 60953 EMPR MINING 1975-1980, Vol.1, pp. 32,74 EMPR PF (Mill, G.L. (1974): Report on the McAllister Mine; Premier Resource Ltd. (1974): Prospectus) EMR MP CORPFILE (Standard Silver-Lead Min. Co.) GSC MAP 1667 GSC MEM \*173, Map 273A; \*184, pp. 79-81 GSC OF 432; 464 GSC SUM RPT 1916, p. 56 GCNL #223(Nov.21), 1975 EMPR PFD 4276, 4277, 4278, 750168, 680212 1985/07/24 BC Geological Survey (BCGS) Ν Date Coded: Coded By: Field Check: Date Revised: 1995/12/11 Keith J. Mountjoy (KJM) Y **Revised By:** Field Check: