

MINFILE Detail Report BC Geological Survey Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources

Location/Identification

MINFILE Number: 082KNE015
Name(s): TOPAZ LAKE

WHITEHORSE

British Columbia

Status: Showing

Mining Division: Golden

Electoral District:

Columbia River-Revelstoke

Resource District:

Rocky Mountain Forest District

BCGS Map: 082K088 **NTS Man:** 082K16W

Regions:

 NTS Map:
 082K16W

 Latitude:
 50 49 38 N

 Longitude:
 116 24 05 W

 Elevation:
 1127 metres

 Location Accuracy:
 Within 500M

 UTM Zone:
 11 (NAD 83)

 Northing:
 5630782

 Easting:
 542160

Mineral Occurrence

Commodities: Magnesite

Minerals Significant: Magnesite

Associated: Dolomite
Alteration: Talc, Silica
Alteration Type: Carbonate
Mineralization Age: Unknown

Deposit Character: Vein, Stratabound

Classification: Replacement, Hydrothermal, Industrial Min.

Type: E09: Sparry magnesite

Host Rock

Dominant Host Rock: Sedimentary

Stratigraphic Age Group Formation Igneous/Metamorphic/Other

Middle Proterozoic Purcell Mount Nelson -----

Isotopic Age Dating Method Material Dated

Lithology: Dolomite, Magnesite, Chert

Geological Setting

Tectonic Belt: Omineca Physiographic Area: Purcell Mountains

Terrane: Ancestral North America

Inventory

No inventory data

Capsule Geology

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The Whitehorse claims, staked in 1960-61, covered the original magnesite discovery at the south end of Topaz Lake. The occurrence is a triangular shaped mass about 425 metres by 180 metres at the widest point. Drilling indicates 15 to 30 metres thickness of coarse- grained magnesite with 2 to 12 millimetre crystals underlain by a fine-grained cherty dolomite. The magnesite occurs in the trough of a northwest plunging syncline within the Mount Nelson dolomites and consists of a light to pearly grey rock with a rough rusty brown weathered surface. Visible impurities include quartz in scattered veinlets and grains as well as talc in minute shears.

A smaller magnesite body about 60 by 60 metres forms an apparent dip slope surface layer across the end of a low hillock about 150 metres northwest of Topaz Lake. Thickness is unknown but it is underlain by a fine-grained dolomite which hosts abundant sil- iceous chips. In addition, there are a number of other small magne- site bodies in the vicinity of the main occurrence.

Bibliography

EMPR AR 1962-157; 1964-198

EMPR OF 1987-13 GSC MAP 12-1957

WWW http://www.infomine.com/index/properties/TOPAZ_1-12_MAGNESITE.html

EMPR PFD 901412, 700095

Date Coded:1985/07/24Coded By:BC Geological Survey (BCGS)Field Check:NDate Revised:2008/04/21Revised By:Mandy N. Desautels (MND)Field Check:N

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